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7th Art 370 Abrogation Anniversary

Multi-Layered Security In Place Across J&K



Observer News Service

Srinagar: Security has been stepped up across Jammu and Kashmir ahead of the seventh anniversary of the abrogation of Article 370 on August 5, with authorities putting in place a multi-layered security grid amid planned political protests and heightened vigilance across the Union Territory.

Police, the Army, the Border Security Force (BSF) and the Central Armed Police Forces (CAPFs) have intensified surveillance, vehicle checking, frisking and area domination patrols from the International Border and the Line of Control to the Jammu-Srinagar National Highway and major towns,

officials said.

Security has been reinforced at strategic locations, including highways, district headquarters, markets, transit camps, public places and other sensitive installations. Additional checkpoints have also been established along the Jammu-Srinagar National Highway (NH-44), where security personnel are conducting intensified vehicle searches while ensuring smooth movement of traffic.

Along the International Border and the Line of Control, the BSF and the Army have heightened operational alertness, while police and paramilitary forces have increased patrolling in both urban and rural areas. | [More on P6](#)

Court Denies Mother's Custody Plea, Allows Weekly Meetings

KO Correspondent

Srinagar: A Budgam court has refused to hand over the custody of a minor boy to his mother, holding that the child was residing with his paternal grandparents and was not under any illegal confinement as claimed by her. The court, however, permitted the mother to meet her son every Saturday pending adjudication of the custody dispute before the competent Guardians and Wards Court.

The court of Chief Judicial Magistrate (CJM), Abdul Bari,

passed the order in a petition filed under Section 100 of the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita (BNSS) by mother, seeking issuance of search warrants for the recovery of her minor son from the custody of the grandparents.

The court noted that it had earlier directed the SHO of the concerned police station to recover the child and produce him before the court. However, when the matter was subsequently taken up, the parties themselves produced the child before the court. | [More on P6](#)

30% Gone: Kashmir's Glaciers Sound Climate Alarm

At a Himalayan climate conference in Awantipora, researchers laid out the numbers behind a crisis already revamping the region's water future.

Sameer Hussain

Srinagar- The glaciers feeding the Upper Indus Basin have shrunk by more than 30 percent over the past six decades, and the retreat is speeding up, scientists told a conference at the Islamic University of Science and Technology on Tuesday.

The figure came from the varsity's vice chancellor, Prof. Shakil Ahmad Romshoo, who addressed the second day of a four-day international conference on nature-based solutions for climate resilience in the Himalayas.

Standing before an audience of researchers and



policymakers, he described a cryosphere in retreat and a hydrological system on the edge of transformation.

"We have lost over 30

percent of the glacier mass during the last six decades, but even more glacier mass is predicted to disappear by the end of the 21st century,"

Romshoo said.

His presentation traced how rising temperatures have altered snowfall patterns, glacier volume, and river flow throughout Kashmir and Jammu, and what those changes could mean for millions who depend on Himalayan meltwater for drinking supplies, irrigation, and hydropower.

The projections extended decades forward, sketching a future in which the region's water security depends increasingly on how quickly adaptation strategies take hold.

That theme carried into the conference's keynote address. | [More on P6](#)

J&K Achieves Full Literacy Under ULLAS Scheme: LG Sinha

Becomes the 10th State/UT to attain the milestone and the largest by population under the programme

Observer News Service

Srinagar: Jammu and Kashmir has been declared a fully literate Union Territory under the Government of India's ULLAS (Understanding Lifelong Learning for All in Society) scheme, becoming the 10th State/Union Territory in the country to achieve the milestone and the largest by population to do so.

Lieutenant Governor Manoj Sinha congratulated teachers, administrators and all stakeholders on the achievement, describing it as a significant milestone in the Union Territory's educational journey.

In a post on X, Lieutenant Governor said Jammu and Kashmir had joined the



league of fully literate States and Union Territories under the Centre's ULLAS scheme.

"With 99.09% success, it stands tall as the largest population region to achieve this milestone. Congratulations to our teachers, administrators and every stakeholder who made this possible. Let us always remember that

education is the truest force of empowerment and our collective responsibility is to keep advancing this mission," Sinha said.

According to official figures, 1,80,317 non-literate individuals were identified under the ULLAS programme, of whom 1,78,680 successfully qualified. | [More on P6](#)

Kashmir Rail Link Hallmark of Railways' New Era: LG

Lieutenant Governor Manoj Sinha on Tuesday described the completion of rail connectivity from Kashmir to Kanyakumari as one of the defining achievements of Indian Railways' transformation, saying it reflects a new era of infrastructure development, national integration and economic progress. Addressing 69 officer trainees of the Indian Railways | [More on P6](#)

J&K Saw 2,182 Child Kidnapping Cases In 5 Yrs

Agencies

Srinagar: Jammu and Kashmir recorded 2,182 cases of kidnapping and abduction of children during 2020-2024, involving 2,254 child victims, of whom 2,143 were recovered alive, according to data furnished by the Ministry of Home Affairs in the Lok Sabha on Tuesday.

As per the data, J&K registered 293 cases in 2020, 478 in 2021, 513 in 2022, 486 in 2023, and 412 in 2024. The number of child victims stood at 302, 493, 534, 502, and 423 respectively, while 286, 426, 542, 481, and 408 child victims were recovered alive during the corresponding years.

In Ladakh, 12 cases of kidnapping and abduction of children were registered during the five-year period. The UT reported no cases in 2020 and 2021, followed by five cases in 2022, four in 2023, and three in 2024. The number of child victims stood at five in 2022, five in 2023, and three in 2024, while three victims were recovered alive in each of the three years.

The data further shows that



Jammu and Kashmir reported 32 child trafficking victims under human trafficking during 2020-2024—two each in 2020 and 2021, followed by ten each in 2022 and 2023 and eight in 2024. The same number of victims were shown as rescued in each corresponding year. Ladakh reported zero child trafficking victims and zero rescues throughout the five-year period.

The Ministry said that 'Police' and 'Public Order' are State subjects under the Seventh Schedule of | [More on P6](#)

HC Refuses To Quash Cheque Bounce Case

Says Defence Must Be Tested At Trial

KO Correspondent

Jammu: The High Court of J&K and Ladakh on Tuesday dismissed a petition seeking quashing of criminal proceedings in a cheque dishonour case, holding that disputed questions such as loss of a cheque, prior stop-payment instructions, and the absence of a legally enforceable debt are matters of defence that can only be adjudicated during trial.

A Bench of Justice Wasim Sadiq Nargal, while dismissing the petition filed by one S Gupta, upheld the order of the Sub Judge (Special Mobile Magistrate), Rajouri, issuing process in a complaint under Sections 138 and 142 of the Negotiable Instruments Act. The Court observed that the complaint disclosed a prima facie case and found | [More on P6](#)

SC Orders Measures To Curb Digital Arrest Scams

Press Trust Of India

New Delhi: Observing that mechanisms to tackle cyber crimes needed "wider adoption, faster implementation and continued follow-up", the Supreme Court on Tuesday asked the Reserve Bank of India to prepare and circulate a standard operating procedure (SOP) in four weeks to deal with bank accounts linked to cyber frauds, including mule accounts.

Issuing a slew of nationwide directions aimed at strengthening the response to cyber-enabled financial frauds, a bench of Chief Justice Surya Kant and Justices Joymalaya Bagchi and V Mohana directed all states, Union Territories (UTs) and law enforcement agencies to ensure the expeditious adoption and operationalisation of the grievance redressal and

money restoration modules developed for victims of such frauds.

The bench was hearing a suo motu matter, "In Re: Victims of Digital Arrest Related to Forged Documents".

After perusing the consolidated status reports and hearing Attorney General R Venkataramani on behalf of the government, the bench said, "While the progress reported at this stage is appreciable, the mechanisms already put in place require wider adoption, faster implementation, and continued follow-up."

The bench issued interim directions and said, "The Reserve Bank of India shall, within four weeks, prepare and circulate an SOP for dealing with mule accounts/accounts linked to money laundering activity and cyber-enabled fraud. | [More on P6](#)



Photo : Abid Bhat

Kashmir Must Reclaim Its Place on India's Golf Map: CM

Observer News Service

Srinagar: Chief Minister Omar Abdullah on Tuesday unveiled an ambitious plan to revive Jammu and Kashmir as one of India's premier golf destinations, announcing that the government

will work towards making the Professional Golf Tour of India (PGTI) event an annual fixture, establish a golf academy and strengthen sports infrastructure to promote high-value tourism.

Speaking after inaugurating the four-day J&K Open 2026 DP World Professional | [More on P6](#)

Cabinet Clears 40-Year PPP For Gulmarg Hotel

Observer News Service

Srinagar: The Jammu and Kashmir Cabinet on Tuesday approved a 40-year public-private partnership (PPP) model for the operation and maintenance of the long-pending Hotel Ashok project in Gulmarg, besides clearing the establishment of an IT/Innovation Park in collaboration with IIT Jammu and promoting 28 Jammu and Kashmir government leased 64 kanals of land to the India Tourism Development | [More on P6](#)

According to sources, the Cabinet approved outsourcing the operation and maintenance of Hotel Ashok through the PPP model for a concession period of 40 years, including a five-year construction phase, in a move aimed at reviving the long-stalled tourism project.

The Hotel Ashok project dates back to 1984, when the erstwhile Jammu and Kashmir government leased 64 kanals of land to the India Tourism Development | [More on P6](#)

Khyber Cement Sets the Agenda for J&K's Built Future with Inaugural Conclave 2026

Observer News Service

Srinagar: Khyber Cement hosted the maiden Khyber Cement Architectural Conclave (KCAC) 2026 at Rama-da Encore, Raj Bagh, bringing together some of Jammu and Kashmir's foremost architects, urban planners, conservationists, engineers and former policymakers for an evening of dialogue on the future of the region's built environment.

More than a corporate event, the Conclave was conceived as a knowledge platform to address the opportunities and challenges

want to contribute not only to stronger buildings but also to a stronger future for Jammu and Kashmir. That means bringing together the people who shape our built environment, encouraging meaningful dialogue, and supporting ideas that balance safety, sustainability and identity. We see this Conclave as an investment in the future of our region," he said.

The Conclave also reinforced Khyber Cement's growing role as a thought leader in the region's construction sector. By creating a common platform for



shaping construction in Jammu and Kashmir. The discussions moved beyond products and technology to focus on a set of simple questions: How can the region build infrastructure that is structurally safe, environmentally responsible and rooted in its unique architectural identity? Is vertical the way out for the city of Kashmir, which is expanding in all directions? How to address tradition, culture, climatic realities, seismic intensities while building for future?

A highlight of the evening was a panel discussion on "Sustainability and Responsible Construction", featuring architect and urban design academic Umar Farooq, architectural historian and conservation architect Dr Sameer Hamdani, and heritage conservationist M. Saleem Beg. Moderated by journalist Masood Hussain, the discussion examined issues ranging from structural resilience and climate-responsive design to urban planning, heritage conservation and the importance of preserving Jammu & Kashmir's architectural character amid rapid urbanisation. Umar Trambo, Director Corporate & Strategy, Khyber Cement, said the Conclave reflected the company's long-term commitment to the people and future of Jammu and Kashmir.

"Our vision is clear. We

architects, engineers, planners, developers and policymakers, the company aims to encourage better building practices, promote structural safety and inspire a more informed conversation about the changing urban landscape.

"The conclave is an attempt to create a space for all the stakeholders to talk on the most prized possession everybody is so keen to have," Husain said while winding up the discussion. "The conclave will scale up for the next edition, and it must have participation from all stakeholders in Jammu & Kashmir's building architecture."

Wasim Ahmed Khan, Chief of Sales & Customer Relations, Khyber Cement, said the purpose of the initiative was to foster honest conversations around the challenges confronting the construction industry.

"Every day, architects, engineers and planners make difficult choices between speed and safety, between cost and quality, between short-term solutions and long-term sustainability. Through this Conclave, Khyber Cement wants to create a platform where those conversations can take place openly and constructively. This is not a one-time event; it is the beginning of an annual forum that will continue to evolve with the needs of the industry," he said.



KU's MMTTC Begins Refresher Course in Gender Studies

Observer News Service

Srinagar: The Malaviya Mission Teacher Training Centre (MMTTC), University of Kashmir (KU), commenced a two-week refresher course in Gender Studies at the Main Campus.

The course aims to strengthen the understanding of gender-related concepts and contemporary debates among teachers in higher education. It will cover themes related to gender, society, institutions, inclusion, representation and emerging issues in gender studies, with a focus on connecting academic perspectives with contemporary social realities.

Speaking at the inaugural session, Vice-Chancellor KU, Prof. Nilofer Khan, said that gender studies has an

important place in higher education as it encourages critical engagement with social structures and questions of equality and inclusion.

"Gender studies enables us to examine how social institutions, cultural practices and everyday experiences shape opportunities and identities. Higher education has a responsibility to encourage informed and critical discussion on these issues," she said.

Director, MMTTC KU, Prof. Nazir Ahmad Nazir, in his welcome address, provided the objectives of the refresher course and said that such programmes provide teachers an opportunity to engage with new scholarship, perspectives and approaches in their respective fields. He also highlighted the role of MMTTC in supporting continuous academic and professional development of

faculty.

Dr. Humaira Showkat, Course Coordinator, briefed the participants about the course structure and academic schedule. She said the programme has been designed to facilitate discussion on key areas of gender studies through expert lectures, interactive sessions and academic engagement.

The two-week course is being attended by faculty members and participants from higher educational institutions across the country.

The proceedings of the inaugural session were conducted by Dr. Mohammad Ibrahim Wani, Coordinator, MMTTC KU, while the vote of thanks was proposed by Prof. Sumeer Gul, Deputy Director, MMTTC KU.

Security Mock Drill Conducted at Srinagar Railway Station

Agencies

Srinagar: A joint mock drill involving multiple security agencies was conducted at Srinagar Railway Station on Tuesday to assess preparedness and strengthen the response mechanism against potential security threats.

The exercise was carried out under the supervision of SDPO Railway Srinagar, Showket Ahmad, and witnessed the participation of personnel from the Government Railway Police (GRP), Railway Protection Force (RPF), Police

Station Nowgam and the Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF).

During the drill, the deployed personnel were briefed on security preparedness, emergency response protocols and their respective duties and responsibilities in the event of any potential security threat.

As part of the exercise, personnel deployed at guard points, railway platforms and other vital installations carried out physical drills, while the Quick Response Team (QRT) also

underwent operational briefing and field exercises to assess its readiness.

Officials said the mock drill formed part of routine security preparedness measures aimed at strengthening

the overall security framework at Srinagar Railway Station.

The exercise concluded peacefully without any disruption to railway operations. [KNT]

TRAFFIC POLICE : 9419993745, 01998-266686
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PDD: 0194-2450213
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BIJBERA: 01932-228243
PAMPOR: 01933-294132
PATTAN: 01954-293507
QAZIGUND: 01951-296153

HIGHWAY STATUS
Sgr-Jammu highway - (Open)
Mughal Road - (Open)
Srinagar- Leh- (Open)


HIJRI CALENDAR
21 Safar
1448

PRAYERS
FAJR 4: 10
ZUHR 12: 37
ASR 5: 30
Magrib 7: 32
ISHA 9: 03

This Day In History

- 1772- 1st Partition of Poland between Austria, Prussia and Russia is made public
- 1781- Battle of Dogger Bank (Fourth Anglo-Dutch War): a British strategic victory, although both sides claimed to have won
- 1812- War of 1812: Tecumseh's Native American force of 25 ambush Thomas Van Horne's 200 US militiamen at Brownstown Creek, in Michigan Territory; US forces retreat haphazardly with 18 killed, 12 wounded, and 70 abandoning the battle
- 1861- President Lincoln signs the first US personal income tax into law (3% of incomes over \$800)
- 1862- Battle of Baton Rouge, Louisiana, Union forces prevent Confederate attempts to capture the city
- 1864- Battle of Mobile Bay won by the Union Navy, led by Rear Admiral David Farragut with the cry "Damn the torpedoes, full speed ahead!"
- 1864 Spectrum of a comet observed for the first time by Giovanni Donati
- 1874- Japan launches its postal savings system, modeled after a similar system in England
- 1890- British and French accord to divide African colonization
- 1891 World's first traveler's cheques issued by American Express
- 1900- In Russia, anti-Jewish riots spread from Odessa into other parts of the country

Kashmir Power Distribution Corporation Ltd. Office of the Executive Engineer, ED-2nd, Rajbagh, Srinagar Near Silk Factory Rajbagh Srinagar email: xened-2@jk.gov.in

e-NIT No: ED-II/11 of 2026-27

Notice Inviting e-Tender

Dated :03.08.2026

For and on behalf of the Managing Director, Kashmir Power Distribution Corporation Limited (KPDC), e-bids are invited from reputed Contractors having Valid A-Class Electrical Contractor License or equivalent license issued by Chief Electrical Inspector of J&K/PDD/Relevant issuing authority/ registered Firms/Bidders enlisted with CPWD/ MES/Railways for the following work

1	Name of the Work	Relocation by way of construction of Bed with cabling near Bismillah General store Gousia Pvt Colony Baghi Mehtab. (Capex 2026-27 PDDSS2627100285)
2.	Estimated Cost	Rs 2.87 Lacs
3.	Authorization of Work	Under Capex 2026-27

The tender document is available on website <http://jktenders.gov.in>. Interested bidders may view or download the e-Bid document, seek clarification and submit their e-Bid online up to date as per the details mentioned in the table below :

A	Date & Time of Downloading of Standard Bidding Document	The Standard Bidding Document can be downloaded over http://jktenders.gov.in from 06-08-2026, 10:00 AM
B	Clarifications Start Date	06/08/26, 11:00 AM
C	Clarifications End Date	06/08/26, 04:30 PM
D	e-Bid Submission (Start) Date & Time (Submission of e- tender fee, EMD and other supporting documents in PDF/XLS format)	06/08/26, 5:30 PM
E	e-Bid Submission (End) Date & Time (Submission of e- tender fee, EMD and other supporting documents in PDF/XLS format)	24/08/26, 02:30 PM
F	Online e-Bid Opening Date & Time	25/08/26, 02.30 PM
G	Venue of Opening of Technical & Financial e-Bids	Office of the Executive Engineer, KPDC, ED-2nd, Rajbagh, Srinagar
H	Cost of e-Bid Document (e-challan/TR)	Rs.200/- (Rupees Two hundred Only) (Non-Refundable)
I	Amount of EMD/Performance Security Deposit	EMD for Rs5740/- (Rupees Five Thousand Seven Hundred and Forty Only) to be furnished and uploaded by all bidders for tender participation and Performance Security Deposit for an amount equal to 5% of the value of contract (to be furnished by L1 only)

1. The bidders need to submit the proof/Cost of e-Bid document as stated in the above table through e-Challan/Treasury Receipt pledged to Executive Engineer, KPDC, ED-2nd, Rajbagh, Srinagar to be Credited to M.H-0801-Power payable at Srinagar. The scanned copy of the e-Challan/Treasury Receipt must be enclosed along with the e-Bids. Further, No Bidder shall be exempted from depositing Cost of e-Bid document even if agency/bidder is MSME (Works Contract are excluded from the purview of Public Procurement Policy for MSMEs Order,2012"

2. All the e-Bids must be accompanied by the scanned copy of EMD in the form of CDR/FDR/Bank Guarantee for tender participation by all bidders, pledged to the Executive Engineer, KPDC, ED-2nd, Rajbagh, Srinagar. No Interest would be payable on EMD/Performance Security deposited with the Department. No Bidder shall be exempted from depositing of Earnest Money even if agency/bidder is MSME (Works Contract are excluded from the purview of Public Procurement Policy for MSMEs Order,2012"

The e-Bids of the bidders not submitting the certified copies of above mentioned documents

at S.No. (1) and (2) in scanned form shall liable to be rejected.

3. Hard Copy of original instrument of EMD needs to be submitted only by the lowest tenderer instantly after opening of e-NIT and must be pledged to the Executive Engineer, KPDC, ED-2nd, Rajbagh, Srinagar. The same must be submitted to this office within 03 days positively for award of contract.

4. The e-Bids will be electronically opened in the presence of bidder's representatives, who choose to attend at the identified venue on indicated date and time mentioned in the above table or any subsequent day to the convenience of the Tender Opening Committee. An authority letter of bidder's representative will be required to be produced.

5. The Department reserves the right to cancel any or all the e-Bids/ the e-Bid process without assigning any reason thereof. The decision of department will be final and binding.

6. In the event of date specified for e-Bids opening being declared a holiday/closed day for department's office then the due date for opening of e-Bids shall be the following working day at the appointed time and place.

7. All the required documents excluding Price Schedule/BOQ should be uploaded by the e-Bidder electronically in the PDF format, whereas Price Schedule/BOQ should be uploaded electronically in the same BOQ sheet provided with the SBD. Also, Signed and Stamped Copy of SBD is required to be uploaded.

8. To participate in e-bidding process, bidders have to get 'Digital Signature Certificate' - (DSC) Class-III (b) as per Information Technology Act-2000, to participate in online bidding.

9. Hard Copy of requisite documents shall be required to be submitted only by the Lowest Tenderer with original Performance Security and e-Challan/Treasury Receipt instantly after opening of e-NIT pledged to Executive Engineer, KPDC, ED-2nd, Rajbagh, Srinagar.

10. The Name of the Work/Job along with e-NIT reference should be superscripted in Bold letters on the envelope and the Name/Firm of the Lowest Bidder should be clearly written on the cover.

It may be noted that the hard copy should be an exact replica of the uploaded offer documents by the Lowest Tenderer.

Documents uploaded on the website shall be treated as final.

11. Other details can be seen in the bidding documents.

No: ED-II/ 8706-11/TS
DIPK-NB-1298/26 Dated 04/8/2026

-SD-
Executive Engineer
KPDC, ED-2nd, Rajbagh

Government of Jammu and Kashmir Public Works (R&B) Department Civil Secretariat, Jammu/Srinagar

Subject: Acceptance of B.Tech Degree and inclusion of name in the seniority list of Junior Engineers (Civil) degree holders —Notice thereof.

NOTICE INVITING OBJECTIONS

WHEREAS, the Chief Engineer PMGSY Jammu vide his letter No. CEJ/PMGSY/2337-39 dated 07.05.2024 recommended the case of Mr. Maroof Ahmed Junior Engineer (Civil) diploma holder for acceptance of his Degree and inclusion of his name in the relevant seniority list of Degree Holders Junior Engineers(Civil) with the following details:-

Name with designation	Date of appointment	Date of enrollment	Mode of degree	Name of university	Date of passing degree
Maroof Ahmed Junior Engineer (Civil)	07.03.2024	26.11.2020	Regular	Visvesvaraya Technological Univesity, Belagavi Karnatak, India	06.07.2023

AND WHEREAS, the case was examined in the department and the Degree/ marks certificates of above incumbent were forwarded to the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belagavi, Karnataka and the University vide No. VTU/Exam/GD/2025-26/944 dated 09.10.2025 has verified the Degree/marks certificates as genuine:

AND WHEREAS, the above named Junior Engineer has also produced undertaking in the shape of Affidavit affirming therein that all the documents/information furnished by him are true and correct and nothing has been concealed therein.

NOW THEREFORE, before acceptance of the Degree acquired by the above named Junior Engineer and also inclusion of his name at appropriate place in the seniority list of Degree holders Junior Engineers (Civil), objections are invited from the members of the cadre who are likely to be affected. The objections, if any shall reach the Administrative Department through office of the Chief Engineer, PW (R&B) Department, Chenab Zone or by Post [Addressed to Financial Commissioner (ACS), PW (R&B) Department, Room No. 518, Civil Secretariat Srinagar-190001] or by e-mail to compwd@rediffmail.com or through CRU within a period of 21 days from the date of issuance/ publication of the notice. No claim whatsoever, shall be entertained after expiry of stipulated time period.

DIPK-4105/26
dated: 04-08-2026

No. PWD-HRM1/51/2024-05 [C.No.7496617]

(Hamid Hameed)
Under Secretary to the Government
Dated: 03 08.2026

KASHMIR OBSERVER®

Printed & Published by Sajjad Haider on behalf of
Kashmir Observer LLP
Printed at: K.T Press Pvt. Ltd 120-Electronic Complex,
Industrial Estate, Rangreth-Budgam
Published from: 5-Boulevard Srinagar J&K
Editor-in-Chief: Sajjad Haider
Managing Editor: Bilal Handoo
News Editor: Farzana Nisar
Online Editor: Syed Hamid
Head Layout & Design: Muntazir Yaseen,
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KO VIEW

Welcome Home, Champ

Owais Yaqoob came home to flowers, applause and smiling faces. The welcome felt genuine because people were hailing much more than a fighter returning after a big win.

They were celebrating a young Kashmiri who turned discipline into success and earned his place on one of the world's toughest sporting stages.

That homecoming stood out because Kashmir rarely celebrates its sporting heroes with such warmth.

Talented cricketers, footballers, skiers and martial artists have made the region proud for years, though many returned to little public excitement. This time felt different.

Children lined up for photographs, supporters placed garlands around his neck and families came together simply to say, "Well done."

That scene alone made the victory even bigger.

The achievement speaks for itself. Competing at BRAVE CF 107 in Bulgaria, the Pulwama MMA fighter defeated previously unbeaten Bulgarian Delyan Georgiev by technical knockout.

Winning against a home favourite on foreign soil speaks of preparation, confidence and the ability to perform when the pressure reaches its highest point.

That confidence has grown inside one of the finest training environments in mixed martial arts.

Yaqoob trains with Team Khabib under former UFC champion Khabib Nurmagomedov and works alongside UFC lightweight champion Islam Makhachev.

Places inside camps like these are earned through relentless commitment, and Yaqoob has proved that he belongs there.

Young people in Kashmir have followed that journey through training clips and competition videos. They have watched him push through demanding sessions, sharpen his skills and improve with patience.

Those images leave a stronger impression than speeches because they show success exactly as it is built, one training session after another.

That is why this welcome matters.

Young people often search for someone who comes from the same streets, speaks the same language and understands the same struggles. Owais Yaqoob has become that person.

His success tells a teenager in Srinagar, Pulwama, Baramulla, Kupwara or Anantnag that international sport is not reserved for someone born somewhere else.

It tells parents that sport can become a serious pursuit when talent meets commitment.

Kashmir has always produced determined young people. Many simply needed someone who could turn possibility into proof. Yaqoob has done precisely that.

His success may inspire a child to step into a boxing gym, join a wrestling mat, lace up football boots or take up athletics. That single decision can change the direction of a life.

Communities grow stronger when they celebrate people who earn success through hard work. Applause builds confidence, and confidence inspires ambition. One champion often becomes the reason another child decides to dream a little bigger. Kashmir gave Owais Yaqoob the welcome of a champion. The greatest value of that celebration lies in what comes next.

Another young athlete may now believe that the road from Kashmir can also lead to the world stage, and that belief could become the region's finest victory.

A Smarter Jobs Strategy

Government could make lakhs of lives happier by spending half of what it would take to create reliable and dignified employment avenues through collaboration with MSMEs.



Faisal Kawoosa

I believe Kashmir needs more ground-level surveys to understand the root causes of the challenges it faces.

Such studies can identify problems, measure their scale, and generate evidence that helps policymakers and advocacy groups make informed decisions.

Employment remains one of Kashmir's biggest challenges, much like in many parts of the country. Rapid advances in technology, especially artificial intelligence, have made the job market more competitive.

The Jammu and Kashmir government has responded by encouraging young people to explore entrepreneurship and nano-entrepreneurship through its revamped startup policy and initiatives such as Mission Yuva.

Even with a supportive ecosystem, entrepreneurship appeals to only a section of society.

A 2025 SEBI survey found that fewer than 10 percent of Indian households invest in the securities market, with risk aversion emerging among the key reasons. Studies from different countries also show that 65 to 90 percent of people prefer financial stability over uncertainty. That naturally limits the pool of future entrepreneurs.

Entrepreneurship remains an important driver of economic growth because thriving startups strengthen the local economy and create employment.

A rough estimate suggests startups in Kashmir employ three to five people on average, although many early-stage ventures begin with only one or two founders. Even then, startups directly engage well over a thousand people in the valley.

A successful entrepreneur creates opportunities for many others.

The MSME sector remains the valley's largest employer. Reliable data is limited, but broad estimates suggest MSMEs employ around five lakh people in Kashmir alone.

According to the Ministry of MSME, Jammu and Kashmir has 8.19 lakh Udyam registrations. Assuming a broadly even

distribution between the Jammu and Kashmir regions, the valley could account for more than four lakh registered MSMEs.

Those enterprises should generate at least 10 lakh jobs.

But the picture changes because nearly 99 percent of them are micro enterprises, many employing only the owner.

The Union Territory has only 3,220 small enterprises and 215 medium enterprises.

These figures reveal an important trend. The organised sector is expanding in Jammu and Kashmir, but much of that growth comes from micro businesses with limited capacity to generate large-scale employment.

MSMEs employ more people than the government, though government jobs continue to enjoy greater public confidence because they provide stability, predictable income, and clear career progression.

MSMEs in Jammu and Kashmir, especially in the valley, have spent years operating through economic and political uncertainty. That experience has shaped the quality of employment they provide. Many businesses function without structured HR policies, career pathways, performance reviews, or professional development opportunities.

Greater structure can change that. Reliable employment, fair workplace practices, and opportunities for growth would make MSME jobs far more attractive for young people.

The government's role in employment continues to evolve. Administrative reforms and technology have gradually reduced the scope for expanding the public workforce.

This shift also creates an opportunity.

Government can partner with MSMEs to help create reliable workplaces for lakhs of employees. Stronger private-sector jobs can gradually earn the same public confidence enjoyed by government employment.

A broader shift is also taking place in Kashmir, where young people increasingly seek meaningful work alongside a stable income. Earlier generations often viewed government jobs mainly through the lens of financial security and long-term stability.

Gen Z brings a different outlook.

Merit, honest earnings, and professional growth hold greater value for many young people today. That change cre-



ates a strong foundation for redefining what makes a good job in Kashmir.

So how can the government co-create these jobs and bring greater reliability and structure to employment in MSMEs, especially micro enterprises?

Labour laws, minimum wage provisions, provident fund benefits, and state life insurance schemes already exist. Their application, however, depends on eligibility criteria, while loopholes often delay or weaken implementation.

These practices remain common and leave many workers without meaningful protection.

The biggest challenge lies with resources. Most MSMEs operate with tight budgets, making additional compliance or employee benefits appear like an added expense rather than a long-term investment.

The government faces its own financial constraints. In the past, governments created jobs partly to expand economic opportunities, even when the work itself remained limited. Those decisions often highlighted welfare priorities.

That approach has become increasingly difficult to sustain now.

Financial pressures have encouraged greater reliance on ad hoc appointments, contractual staff, and daily wagers. Many people spent years in these roles, but recognition, security, and career growth remained out of reach.

MSMEs already generate employment, though many struggle to provide the stability people expect from a long-term career. The government, meanwhile, can strengthen these jobs through well-designed welfare measures at a much lower cost than creating new public-sector positions.

Personal observations suggest that more than 95 percent of MSME jobs pay less than Rs 10,000 a month. Salaries often remain unchanged for years, leaving little room to absorb inflation or build savings. Government support could change that picture.

Imagine an employee earning Rs 6,000 a month. A government contribution of Rs 3,000 each month into a mandatory savings fund would help that worker accumulate nearly Rs 1 lakh within three years.

Those savings could support a child's education, help build a home, or meet other major family expenses.

Over a 30-year career, the same worker would accumulate well over Rs 10 lakh, creating financial security that remains out of reach for many low-income households.

Financial support alone will not solve the problem. Structured HR policies should become part of the package.

Clear guidelines for annual appraisals, salary revisions, and career progression would encourage professional growth and reduce stagnation.

An annual government contribution of Rs 35,000 to Rs 40,000 per employee could help build reliable and progressive employment through MSMEs.

That amount remains far lower than the cost of creating many temporary public-sector jobs, while producing stronger long-term outcomes for workers and businesses alike.

Implementation depends upon thoughtful regulation. Free-market principles encourage governments to stay outside day-to-day business operations, a view long associated with economists such as Adam Smith and Milton Friedman.

Governments, however,

already support businesses through subsidies, interest subventions, and several incentive schemes.

And that support creates an opportunity.

Any MSME receiving direct financial assistance from the government could adopt basic HR standards as part of the programme. Those standards could include performance-linked growth, transparent workplace policies, and mandatory employee savings.

Such measures would strengthen workplace esteem while giving employees greater confidence in their future.

Creating large numbers of government jobs no longer appears financially practical, but building stronger partnerships with MSMEs presents a more sustainable path.

Reliable jobs, opportunities for growth, and rewards linked to performance would strengthen confidence in the private sector.

Kashmir already faces difficult questions surrounding the regularisation of daily wagers, reservation policies, and rising drug abuse among young people. Practical employment policies can address part of that challenge by creating stable opportunities that match present realities.

Suppose one lakh MSME workers receive support worth Rs 40,000 a year. The government's annual contribution would total Rs 400 crore, while Rs 360 crore would flow directly into long-term savings for employees.

That investment would strengthen the financial security of nearly five lakh family members who depend on those incomes.

The government can achieve far greater impact by strengthening employment where jobs already exist.

Focused support for MSMEs would help businesses grow, improve the quality of work, and give lakhs of families greater financial security, all at a fraction of the cost of expanding government payrolls.

—The author is the chief analyst and co-founder of Techarc, and a leading voice on India's technology industry. He advises businesses and policymakers on emerging trends, and serves on the jury of the GLOMO Awards at the Mobile World Congress in Barcelona.



Sri Varshith Kumar Reddy E

Who Funds Kashmir?

A grant from Delhi still decides whether Srinagar's ledger closes, and that dependence is getting harder to disguise.

Indian states now hold nearly a third of the country's general government debt. That single fact should colour how anyone reads a state budget this year, and Jammu and Kashmir's 2026-27 accounts belong squarely inside that larger story.

Its budget rests on a grant rather than a formula. That distinction determines whether its finances can survive a bad year, and on current evidence, they fail that test.

NITI Aayog's Fiscal Health Index 2026 splits India's states into four groups. Odisha tops the list with a score of 73.1. Goa and Jharkhand follow close behind, both pairing controlled deficits with own-tax revenues above 60 per cent of receipts. Punjab sits at the bottom with a score of just 12.4, joined in the "Aspirational" category by West Bengal, Kerala and Andhra Pradesh.

The distance between the top and bottom performers grew wider over the past year, and that widening gap sets the backdrop for everything that follows.

The Reserve Bank of India's review of state budgets sharpens the picture.

Aggregate state debt fell to 28.1 per cent of GDP by March 2024, down from a pandemic peak of 31 per cent, but the central bank now projects a climb back to 29.2 per cent by the close of this fiscal year.

Debt levels among individual states span from 17.8 per cent to 46.3 per cent of gross state domestic product, with Punjab projected to breach 45 per cent.

The FRBM (Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management) review committee once pro-

posed a 20 per cent ceiling on state debt. Most large states abandoned that benchmark long ago, and nobody in Delhi seems eager to revive it.

The 16th Finance Commission tabled its report in Parliament on February 1, 2026, covering the award period from 2026-27 through 2030-31. It held the states' vertical share at 41 per cent, unchanged from its predecessor, and capped state fiscal deficits at 3 per cent of gross state domestic product, enforceable under Article 293(3) of the Constitution. It directed states to end off-budget borrowing entirely, folding every outstanding liability onto their formal books.

None of that binds Jammu and Kashmir directly.

The Commission has no constitutional obligation to study Union Territories, and its 2025 fieldwork skipped J&K altogether.

The union territory's 1.85 per cent allocation flows through a separate channel, settled year by year rather than fixed by formula.

When the 14th Finance Commission raised the states' share to 42 per cent, the 15th Commission later trimmed it back to 41 per cent specifically to make room for J&K and Ladakh as Union Territories.

J&K's fiscal future now depends on an institution with no statutory reason to look closely at it.

Jammu and Kashmir's 2026-27 budget totals Rs 1,13,767 crore. A Union grant-in-aid of Rs 43,290.29 crore covers the largest share, booked by the Home Ministry under revenue accounts and kept outside Finance Commission devolution.

Own tax and non-tax revenues add roughly Rs 31,800 crore, about a quarter of total spending. Salaries, pensions and interest payments

absorb over half the budget before a single new scheme gets funded.

The tax-to-GSDP ratio tells the harder story. It is projected to fall from 7.5 per cent to 6.6 per cent, even as nominal GSDP grows near 9.5 per cent.

is outpacing the government's ability to tax it. And that disparity counts for more than the headline fiscal deficit of 3.69 per cent of GSDP.

It exposes the structural weakness sitting beneath what looks, on the surface, like a disciplined budget.

Kashmir produces far more hydropower than it consumes. Even so, its distribution utility, KPDCCL, has topped India's power-loss rankings for three straight years. Aggregate technical and commercial losses stood at 15.40 per cent in 2024-25, an improvement from 16.33 per cent the year before, but still above the national average.

Some feeders still record losses between 15 and 40 per cent, forcing rationed power cuts even in a region that produces surplus electricity.

FY26 targets aim to bring that figure down to 34 per cent on the worst feeders alone, a sign of how far the recovery still has to go.

This drains the fiscal ledger as much as the power ledger. Any unit of electricity billed but never collected becomes a subsidy the government eventually absorbs, either through direct transfers or through utility bailouts that rarely show up as debt until they mature into one.

The 16th Finance Commission flagged this exact problem nationally, linking state fiscal stress to unresolved power-sector losses and recommending subsidy sunset clauses tied to utility reform.

J&K's power paradox, hydropower abun-

dance paired with distribution scarcity, shows that national problem in its sharpest form.

Several structural problems repeat throughout India's state finances, and all of them show up in sharper form in Jammu and Kashmir.

Grants replace formulas: J&K's largest resource line sits inside the Home Ministry's demand, and annual bargaining replaces a rules-based share of national revenue.

Off-budget liabilities keep climbing nationally: outstanding guarantees to state public enterprises reached 3.9 per cent of GDP by March 2024, a shadow debt that rarely enters headline deficit figures, one the 16th Finance Commission explicitly asked states to eliminate.

Capital spending stays the residual: states with debt-service ratios above 15 per cent of revenue receipts spend under 2 per cent of GSDP on capital works, against a national average of 2.7 per cent, and J&K's own split, three-quarters routine spending against one-quarter development, mirrors that imbalance.

Cess and surcharge creep erodes the shared pool: the 16th Finance Commission recommended capping cesses and surcharges at 8-10 per cent of gross tax revenue, since these levies bypass the divisible pool and starve states, J&K included, of transfers they would otherwise receive.

Thirteen major states, including Madhya Pradesh, Andhra Pradesh, Rajasthan and Punjab, are projected to post fiscal deficits above 4 per cent of GSDP this year, the steepest slippage in a decade outside the pandemic year.

Post-2021 discipline now looks cyclical rather than lasting.

A genuine path forward needs five moves

acting together. Formula-based devolution for Union Territories would let planners budget years ahead instead of waiting on annual settlements with the Home Ministry.

A binding debt ceiling with real enforcement would push states toward the debt-to-GDP target the Centre has set for itself, from 56.1 per cent toward 50 per cent by 2030-31, using the same Article 293(3) mechanism the 16th Finance Commission invoked.

Utility reform tied to disbursement would turn KPDCCL's power losses from a recurring subsidy into a one-time fix instead of an annual drain, by linking central capital grants to measurable loss reduction.

Time-bound welfare would replace permanent transfers: J&K's 32 people-first initiatives, including LPG subsidies and fee waivers, ease hardship today, but they need sunset clauses tied to employment outcomes, echoing the Finance Commission's own subsidy-rationalisation logic.

Broadening the tax net through digitised compliance, updated property valuations and market-linked pricing for public services gives the most direct route toward lifting own-revenue shares.

Odisha's climb to the top of the Fiscal Health Index took several budget cycles rather than one reform. J&K's SASCI-funded infrastructure and its Holistic Agriculture Development Programme point in a similar direction, but direction alone does not close a gap this wide.

Budgets claim to be arithmetic, and few admit to being fiction, but J&K's 2026-27 accounts balance on paper because Delhi's grant fills the gap that Srinagar's own revenue leaves open.

Real fiscal health will show up the day J&K's budget can survive a bad year without a bailout, and its power grid can bill what it actually generates.

Until then, the numbers will keep improving in press releases while the story underneath stays exactly where it started: dependent, arranged case by case, and one grant cycle away from a different headline.

—The author is a pracademic working on government policy and public institutions. Ideas are personal.

Where Have Kashmir's Nightingales Gone?

Thirty years of rice grains outside my door once brought birds every day. They no longer come, and nobody has seriously asked what changed.



Mohammad Amin Mir

Let me tell you about something small that has been bothering me for years now.

Growing up in Kashmir, I loved nightingales. I would sit for hours watching them hop around, dart between branches, sing. That love stuck with me into adulthood.

So I started a small routine. Every morning I put out a shallow bowl of rice grains near my home. Within minutes the birds would show up in little groups. They would peck at the grains, fly up to a branch, come back down, sing a bit, then move on. It felt peaceful in a way nothing else quite matches.

I kept this going for almost thirty years. My whole family looked forward to it. Then, at some point, the bowl just stayed full.

I figured the birds had wandered off somewhere else. Simple enough explanation, so I let it go. But months turned into years, and they never came back.

So I started asking around. I called friends and colleagues living in different parts of the valley, thinking maybe this was just my street, my neighbourhood. Turns out it wasn't.

Person after person told me the same thing. The nightingales had disappeared from their areas too. Some hadn't heard one sing in years.

That's when I stopped thinking of this as a personal thing.

Birds tend to tell us things about our surroundings that we miss on our own. They are small, sensitive, quick to react when something changes around them. Chop down the wrong trees, spray the wrong chemicals, dry up the wrong stream, and they leave. Simple as that.

Kashmir has spent centuries being described as beautiful. Poets wrote about it, travellers came from far away just to see it. But beauty on its own doesn't mean much if the life underneath it keeps thinning out.

Look around and the reasons aren't hard to spot. Open fields have turned into concrete. The messy little hedges and shrubs where birds used to nest have been cleared away because they looked untidy rather than useful. Farming leans hard on chemicals now, and that wipes out the insects birds depend on to feed their young. Streams that used to run clean now carry plastic.

None of this is some big mystery. It's been building slowly, right in front of us.

Researchers can eventually explain the exact science behind it. But honestly, you don't need a lab to notice silence where birdsong used to be. People already know something is wrong. They just haven't been asked.

Universities here have the people and tools to run proper surveys, to figure out whether these birds actually vanished or just moved somewhere quieter.

As far as I know, that hasn't



“HERE IS WHERE IT GETS FRUSTRATING FOR ME. SMALL THINGS COULD HELP. Schools could get kids outside, teach them to notice birds instead of scrolling past nature on a screen. Communities could plant native trees, cut back on pesticide use, leave nesting spots undisturbed. None of this costs much.”

happened. Wildlife and forest departments exist for exactly this type of question, and so far they have stayed as silent as the trees.

Here is where it gets frustrating for me. Small things could help. Schools could get kids outside, teach them to notice birds instead of scrolling past nature on a screen. Communities could plant native trees, cut back on pesticide use, leave nesting spots undisturbed. None of this costs much.

Families can pitch in too. Plant a few native flowering shrubs, leave out water during the hot months, let a nesting spot alone instead of clearing it. Small habits, done widely, actually add up.

Losing these birds means losing more than a nice sound in the morning. It means something between people here and the land they live on is slipping away, bit by bit, without much notice.

Some mornings I still walk past that empty bowl and wonder if they will ever come back. My family wonders too, though nobody really says it out loud anymore.

Where have Kashmir's nightingales gone?

I keep asking myself that, but honestly, I am not the one who should have the final answer.

Scientists, conservationists, government departments, they owe us something here.

Because if birdsong disappears from our mornings today, it won't stop there. Forests and orchards come next.

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Who Stole Our Manners?

A society that prizes careers over conscience risks losing the values that once held it together.



Mushtaq Hurra

There was a time when the word adab held great impact and influence in our homes. It meant grace, restraint, and warmth woven together.

A child who bowed before an elder, and a student who lowered his gaze before a teacher were lessons in humility.

Today, I look around and see the scaffolding of that old world collapsing.

The moral castles our elders built with patience and prayer are giving way to noise. Gratitude is rare, modesty feels dated, and affection has turned into performance.

A teacher's words no longer echo in a

student's heart. They float away like dust.

What caused this slow unraveling? Where did the thread snap?

Every thoughtful person asks the same questions, but few pause long enough to listen for the answers.

The change did not happen overnight. It crept in silently, in small ways, through the screens we gifted our children, the silence we maintained when they spoke without respect, and the way we began to measure success by income rather than integrity.

A few weeks ago, a video made the rounds: students hugging their teachers in public celebration. To some, it was a harmless act of affection. To others, it was a sign of something deeper: the fading of our sense of haya, of respectful distance.

Such gestures strike differently in Kashmir, where even fathers hesitate to embrace their teenage daughters in public.

I do not wish to shame those young students. Their intention might have been pure. But their act reflects something missing in their moral education.

If they had been taught the meaning of mahram and ghair mahram, of boundaries drawn by respect, they might have understood the weight of that moment.

The real failure lies with parents, teachers, and elders, who taught them how to build a career, but not how to build a conscience.

We have turned education into a ladder for livelihood instead of a lamp for the soul. Our forefathers sent their children to learn

wisdom, humility, and truth. We send ours to secure salaries and titles. They dreamt of character. We dream of comfort.

Modern education has multiplied our schools and degrees, but divided our sense of self. We have engineers without empathy, doctors without patience, and teachers who chase applause more than understanding.

We have outshone our ancestors in knowledge, but fallen behind in virtue.

There was a time when a teacher's word could calm a restless child. When parents measured learning not by ranks but by behaviour.

In those days, fewer people could read, but everyone seemed to know the grammar of life.

Perhaps the problem is not in education itself, but in what we expect from it.

We see it as a shield against poverty, not as a cure for arrogance. We study science to master nature, not to understand our place within it.

The soul of education has become a casualty of its success.

We need to return to the idea of learning as character-building. Let science and scripture, reason and ethics, grow together like twin roots of the same tree. Let our classrooms become places where children learn to say thank you before they learn to say therefore.

We speak often about revival in Kashmir, but revival must begin with something simpler: a return to decency.

The elixir of old learning once promised to make us better human beings. It is time to rediscover that potion, before we forget how to bow our heads, or raise our hearts.

— The author is a teacher and columnist from Bandipora. He can be reached at mushtaqhurra143@gmail.com

Love Beyond Assumptions

Unchecked doubts can erode even the strongest bond, but trust and compassion help relationships endure.



Lily Swarn

Assumptions, Henry Winkler once said, are the termites of relationships.

Just because we have a mind that wanders, we don't need to start imagining all sorts of things about another person.

Our unchecked thoughts can easily ruin a perfectly beautiful moment.

It's never wise to give up on someone you can't go a day without thinking about.

There is always more to relationships than needs and small acts of self-appeasement. There is feeling, patience, and the work of

understanding.

When the heart breaks into a merry salsa and the eyes sparkle with anticipation, it could be because of a cherished child, a trusted old friend, a heartthrob, or even a touch of divine intervention.

Humans often enter your life as if by witchcraft, appearing just when you need their presence the most. Mother Teresa said that intense love never measures. It only gives.

The flow of love in relationships is often irrational, for reason and logic rarely find space in a caring heart.

The day we understand that relationships are meant to be treasured, not possessed, we begin to breathe easier and build stronger bonds.

Fetters and shackles can never hold a relationship together. They only sour it, the way milk curdles when you forget to keep it in the fridge.

Promises are for the fickle. What really holds a relationship together is pure, selfless love. You don't need fancy words or sweet promises when the love is real.

The one who truly matters is the person who silently looks out

for you, who won't let the light fade from your eyes, and who loves you so deeply that he doesn't even realize how this beautiful madness took over someone who once thought he was so sensible.

When two people with the same little quirks meet in the winding by-lanes of life, sparks are bound to fly. It's as if the heavens themselves celebrate the meeting of two loving souls, even if they're both a touch unhinged in their own spiritual ways.

But the cold winds of mistrust and control can easily crush the tender beginnings of love.

Still, look at the hardy flowers that grow in the cracks of rugged mountain paths. They bloom anyway, filling the air with their fragrance, no matter how small a corner life has given them.

Love is like that. It sings softly, the way the old song goes: "Tum mujhe bhool bhi jaao toh yeh haq hai tum ko, meri baat aur hai, maine toh mohabbat ki hai."

— The author is an acclaimed poet, novelist and essayist, and the author of 'A Drop of Cosmos'. She can be reached at sukhish33@gmail.com.

“When two people with the same little quirks meet in the winding by-lanes of life, sparks are bound to fly. It's as if the heavens themselves celebrate the meeting of two loving souls, even if they're both a touch unhinged in their own spiritual ways.”

“We speak often about revival in Kashmir, but revival must begin with something simpler: a return to decency.”



A large crowd of people, mostly men, is gathered under a large tent for a religious event. In the foreground, a man wearing a white turban and a dark, patterned robe is speaking into a microphone. The crowd is dense, and many people are looking towards the speaker. The tent has a striped canopy.



S. No.	Name of the Candidate	Parentage	Branch	Semester	Previous Examination Roll No./Result	Registration Number	Fee Receipt No./Date

(Er. Suket Gupta)
Secretary/Controller
J&K Board of Technical
Education Srinagar

Website: <http://www.jkbote.ac.in>

APPLICATION FORM FOR RE-ADMISSION

DT: 04/08/2026 Signature

Signature of Principal/ Head of Institution: _____

Millions Defy War Fears as Arba'een Pilgrimage Draws Record Crowds

Trans Asia News

KARBALA- Undeterred by war, economic hardship and simmering regional tensions, millions of Muslims on Tuesday converged on the Iraqi holy city of Karbala for Arba'een, the world's largest annual peaceful gathering, commemorating the 40th day after the martyrdom of Imam Hussain (AS), the beloved grandson of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH).

The sea of black-clad mourners, many carrying flags and chanting elegies, stretched for miles along the historic 80-kilometre route between Najaf and Karbala, retracing the path taken by pilgrims for generations in remembrance of Imam Hussain's stand against tyranny in the Battle of Karbala in 680 AD.

Imam Hussain (AS), along with 72 loyal companions, that included his close family members, was martyred while resisting the vastly superior forces of Umayyad ruler Yazid, a sacrifice that has come to symbolize resistance against oppression, injustice and despotism for mil-

lions across the world.

NEARLY 5 MILLION FOREIGN PILGRIMS ENTER IRAQ

Despite concerns over security following months of US-Israeli war against Iran, Iraqi authorities said more than 4.88 million foreign pilgrims had entered Iraq since the beginning of Muharram, with arrivals continuing until Arba'een. Millions more travelled from across Iraq, making the pilgrimage one of the largest human gatherings on the planet.

Iran accounted for the largest contingent of foreign pilgrims.

Iran's Traffic Police Chief, Brigadier General Ahmad Karami-Asad, said nearly three million Iranians had crossed into Iraq through various border crossings in the run-up to Arba'een, highlighting the extraordinary scale of participation.

Volunteer groups lined the highways to Karbala, distributing free meals, drinking water, medical aid, and accommodation to pilgrims walking under scorching summer temperatures.



WAR CASTS SHADOW OVER SACRED JOURNEY

This year's pilgrimage unfolded against the backdrop of continued tensions following

the recent US-Iran conflict.

The visit of Iranian Foreign Minister Abbas Araqchi to Najaf and Karbala underscored the delicate political climate, with Iraq continuing to balance its

close relations with both Tehran and Washington while trying to avoid being drawn deeper into regional confrontation.

Some pilgrims observed that while Iranian participation

remained overwhelming, the number of visitors from Europe, Arab countries, and other parts of the Islamic world appeared lower than in previous years.

Several attributed the decline to ongoing regional instability and travel concerns.

The pilgrimage also comes as Iraq grapples with severe economic challenges following disruptions to oil exports and renewed debate over the future of Iran-backed armed groups operating inside the country.

TEHRAN'S SYMBOLIC MARCH CARRIES POLITICAL MESSAGE

In Iran, hundreds of thousands unable to reach Karbala joined the annual symbolic procession known as "Those Left Behind from Arba'een," marching nearly 20 kilometers through Tehran to the revered shrine of Shah Abdol-Azim Hasani in Rey.

The procession, while deeply religious, also carried a strong political message.

Participants pledged that Iran would avenge the assassination of Ayatollah Sayyed Ali Khome-

nei, whom they described as a martyr of the recent US-Israeli war, declaring that retaliation against those responsible remained an irreversible national demand.

Mourners chanted anti-US and anti-Israel slogans, while some demonstrators trampled on American and Israeli flags. Similar rallies were reported across several Iranian cities.

A MESSAGE BEYOND MOURNING

For millions of pilgrims, Arba'een is far more than a religious observance.

Observers describe the pilgrimage as a global reaffirmation of the ideals for which Imam Hussein (AS) sacrificed his life—justice, dignity, and resistance against tyranny.

Year after year, regardless of war, sanctions, political upheaval, or economic hardship, the roads leading to Karbala continue to fill with millions determined to keep alive what many call the timeless message of Karbala—that truth must prevail over oppression, no matter the cost.

After Bankipur Shock, PK Keeps Up Attack on Samrat

Press Trust of India

PATNA: Jan Suraj Party founder Prashant Kishor on Tuesday continued to gun for Bihar Chief Minister Samrat Choudhary, claiming that people of the state saw in the latter "BJP's attempt to bring back jungle raj reminiscent of RJD's rule".

Talking to the media a day after he smashed the BJP bastion of Bankipur on his electoral debut, Kishor said he was "proud" that the party was being headed by Nitin Nabin, who previously represented the constituency, but disapproved of the notion that the assembly seat was a "citadel" of the ruling party.

"No party can claim a constituency to be its citadel (garh). In a democracy, all citadels are built by the people and they can bring it down when they wish. The BJP must have realised this by now", said the former poll strategist who has wrested a seat from the saffron party that it had never lost since 1995.



The Jan Suraj Party founder was also asked about his strident stance with regard to Choudhary, who in April this year became the first ever BJP leader to have become the Chief Minister of Bihar.

"I still hold that Samrat Choudhary should go. And this is the sentiment of the common people of Bihar. This has been proven in the by-poll to Bankipur. I have nothing personal against Samrat Choudhary, but Bihar wants to have a chief minister with a decent education and without a criminal record," said Kishor.

He pointed out, "It is not that I started highlighting only recently Choudhary's criminal antecedents, his lack of educational qualifications and his equivocation on even things like his date of birth. I have been speaking on these issues since much before the assembly elections in November last year."

"The fact is, in him people see a reflection of the jungle raj under the RJD, the opposition party with which Choudhary was associated while it was in power. Ever since coming to power, his language has been that of a ruler presiding over a police state. Nitish Kumar (JDU president) had been a Chief Minister for 20 years. Nobody heard him bragging that the police would kill those wearing gamcha (scarves) of a particular colour," he said.

The allusion was to a controversial speech by Choudhary in which he had spoken of identifying those carrying "hara gamcha" (green scarves), a veiled reference to RJD workers, with the help of AI and bringing them to justice.

Joshi Blazes to Early Lead at J&K Open with Stunning 63

Observer News Service

SRINAGAR - Bengaluru's Khalin Joshi lit up the scenic Royal Springs Golf Course with a sizzling eight-under 63 to seize a two-shot lead after the opening round of the INR 1 crore J&K Open 2026 on Tuesday.

The former Asian Tour winner rolled in nine birdies against just one bogey, producing the day's best round with a clinical display that immediately established him as the man to beat.

Chasing him are Ajeetesh Sandhu of Chandigarh and Gurugram rookie Harman Sachdeva, who carded matching six-under 65s. Sachdeva's bogey-free round was one of the standout performances of the day.

Joshi's round was sparked by two spectacular chip-ins—



first at the par-three third and again on the 15th—along with a hot putter. "I putted really well and chipped in twice. It's been a long time since I holed a chip, so that was special," Joshi said.

The 33-year-old, who won the Andhra Open earlier this season, said playing in Srinagar was as much a pleasure as a competition.

"We all treat coming to

Srinagar like a holiday, with the golf being a bonus. The course is stunning—I don't think any picture can do justice to this place," he said.

Sandhu, a former Asian Tour champion, recovered from an uneasy start with eight birdies in a six-under round, saying an early birdie on the tough fourth hole changed the momentum.

"It's great to be back. The

scenery is beautiful, the people are welcoming, and walking around this course takes your mind off the usual stresses of competitive golf," he said.

Teenager Harman Sachdeva continued his impressive rookie season with the only blemish-free card of the day, strengthening his growing reputation on the DP World PGTI.

Five players—Gaurav Pratap Singh, Divyanshu Bajaj, Angad Cheema, Rashid Khan and Czech golfer Stepan Danek—shared fourth place on three-under 68.

Organisers shortened the par-four 11th into a par-three after heavy rain over the past two days left the original fairway waterlogged.

The ₹1 crore J&K Open, supported by J&K Tourism, continues at Royal Springs Golf Course on Wednesday.

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Duration (Years)	Corpus	Invested	Money grows to
5 Years	₹4.1L	₹3.1L	1.4x
10 Years	₹11.6L	₹6.0L	2.9x
15 Years	₹25.9L	₹9.0L	4.3x
20 Years	₹51.8L	₹12.0L	6.5x
25 Years	₹97.5L	₹15.0L	10.5x
30 Years	₹1.9Cr		

More time = more compounding

Mutual fund investments are subject to market risks. Read all scheme related documents carefully before investing.

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